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EWD 570: An exercise for Dr.R.M.Burstall

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An exercise for Dr.R.M.Burstall.

Dear Rod,

because --as you know-- we Dutch are a God-fearing nation, Ascension-day is here an official Holiday, and on official Holidays I don't work. Today I just fooled with figures.

In doing so I discovered a function of the natural numbers wich has a nice recursive definition, viz.

$$\text{fusc}(1) = 1$$

$$\text{fusc}(2n) = \text{fusc}(n)$$

$$\text{fusc}(2n+1) = \text{fusc}(n) + \text{fusc}(n+1)$$

a definition which, as far as complexity is concerned, seems to lie between the Fibonacci series and the Pascal triangle.

(The function fusc is of a mild interest on account of the following property: with $f1 = \text{fusc}(n1)$ and $f2 = \text{fusc}(n2)$ the following two statements ~~are~~ ~~add:~~ ~~equivalent:~~

"if there exists an N such that $n1 + n2 = 2^N$, then $f1$ and $f2$ are relatively prime" and "if $f1$ and $f2$ are relatively prime, then there exist an $n1$, an $n2$, and an N , such that $n1 + n2 = 2^N$. In the above recursive definition, this is no longer obvious, at least not to me; hence its name.)

Having seen your exercises concerning the derivation of an iterative program, starting with the recursive definition for the n -th number of the Fibonacci series, I was suddenly reminded of that exercise when I was considering an iterative program for the computation of fusc. It should be a rewarding exercise, as there exists a very nice iterative program:

```
n, a, b := N, 1, 0;
do n ≠ 0 and even(n) → a, n := a + b, n/2
  [] odd(n) → b, n := b + a, (n-1)/2
od {b = fusc(N)}
```

I wish you luck and enjoyment! Yours ever,

Edsger

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